

Table 4 Prevalence of hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) and antibody to the hepatitis C virus (anti-HCV) by key social characteristics of the tested population

Variable	HBsAg positive		Anti-HCV positive	
	No. (%)	OR (95% CI)	No. (%)	OR (95% CI)
Housing				
Kacha home	696 (2.2)	1	1 726 (5.4)	1
Pacca home	460 (3.1)	1.42 (1.25-1.60)	568 (3.8)	0.69 (0.62-0.76)
Drinking water				
Piped water at home	604 (2.4)	1	1 425 (5.7)	1
Fetches water from outside	552 (2.4)	0.98 (0.87-1.10)	869 (3.7)	0.64 (0.58-0.70)
Sanitation				
Flush toilet available	555 (2.1)	1	1 318 (5.1)	1
Pit latrine at home or going to field	601 (2.8)	1.33 (1.18-1.50)	976 (4.6)	0.90 (0.83-0.98)
Education				
Primary and above	411 (2.3)	1	729 (4.0)	1
Below primary	745 (2.6)	1.15 (1.01-1.30)	1 565 (5.4)	1.38 (1.26-1.51)
Employment				
Self-employed working from home	418 (2.1)	1	970 (5.0)	1
Working in government private sector	230 (3.0)	1.43 (1.21-1.69)	485 (6.4)	1.31 (1.17-1.46)
Casual worker	51 (3.1)	1.47 (1.08-1.99)	99 (6.1)	1.23 (0.99-1.53)

CI = confidence interval; OR = odds ratio.