

Table 4 Distinguishing statements for each of the 4 respondent types and the differing levels of agreement of each respondent type (n = 34)

Statement	Level of agreement							
	Type 1	Z-score	Type 2	Z-score	Type 3	Z-score	Type 4	Z-score
Respondent type 1								
Quality school education is lacking and causes mental health problems	0	0.31*	2	-1.14	-3	-1.71	3	-1.71
Local pharmacies often have the medicines that doctors prescribe	-2	-1.03	1	0.57	0	0	0	0
Chronic diseases are well cared for at the governmental hospital	-2	-1.27*	0	0	0	0	0	0
Free medical days offer great services	-3	-1.43*	2	1.14	-1	-0.57	1	0.57
Respondent type 2								
The UNHCR needs to develop better standards for who gets the iris scan and this will improve health care access	3	1.98	1	0.57	3	1.71	3	1.71
The poor quality of the water causes many health problems	1	0.67	-1	-0.57	2	1.14	-3	-1.71
Patients with complicated conditions do not have to travel long distances to find the appropriate doctors	1	0.64	-2	-1.14	1	0.57	0	0.00
Respondent type 3								
Smoking is very common among Syrian refugees, males and females	0	-0.32	-2	-1.14	2	1.14*	-2	-1.14
Free medical days offer great services	-3	-1.43	2	1.14	-1	-0.57	1	0.57
Offering children fun programmes is important for their mental wellbeing	2	1.01	2	1.14	-2	-1.14*	2	1.14
Respondent type 4								
Quality school education is lacking and causes mental health problems	0	-0.31	-2	-1.14	-3	-1.71	3	1.17*
Domestic violence is a phenomenon that could benefit from community awareness programmes	-1	-0.94	-3	-1.71	-2	-1.14	2	1.14*
If Syrians were allowed to work legally, the health status of most of them would improve significantly	3	1.61	3	1.71	3	1.17	-1	-0.57*
Allowing Syrian doctors to practise medicine will not improve the health status of Syrians	2	0.90	1	0.57	2	1.14	-1	-0.57
The poor quality of the water causes many health problems	1	0.67	-1	-0.57	2	1.14	-3	-1.71

*Significant at $P < 0.01$.