

Table 3 Predictors of the B.1.1.7/SGTF infection among 387 hospitalized COVID-19 patients in Beirut, December 2020–February 2021

| Characteristic | Univariate analysis | | | Multivariate analysis | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|----------|-----------------------|-------------|----------|
| | OR | 95% CI | P-value | OR | 95% CI | P-value |
| Cardiovascular disease | 1.510 | 0.971–2.348 | 0.0664 | 3.812 | 2.215–6.389 | < 0.0001 |
| Smoking | 1.883 | 1.165–3.045 | 0.0092 | 1.698 | 1.023–2.819 | 0.0410 |
| Hypertension | 0.579 | 0.383–0.873 | 0.0089 | 0.415 | 0.242–0.711 | 0.0010 |
| Age ≥ 65 years | 0.405 | 0.265–0.618 | < 0.0001 | 0.379 | 0.231–0.622 | < 0.0001 |
| Male sex | 1.334 | 0.871–2.044 | 0.1840 | | | |
| Diabetes | 0.903 | 0.584–1.397 | 0.6468 | | | |
| Contact with confirmed cases | 0.893 | 0.594–1.343 | 0.5881 | | | |
| Chronic immunosuppression | 0.644 | 0.272–1.525 | 0.3139 | | | |

OR = odds ratio; CI = confidence interval.