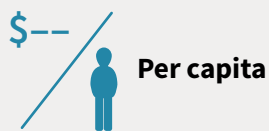


Morocco Draft Primary Health Care Vital Signs Profile



\$ FINANCING

PHC spending:

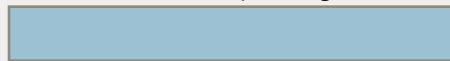


Prioritization of PHC:

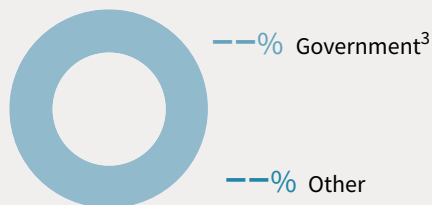
Overall health spending¹



Government health spending²



Sources of PHC spending:



CAPACITY

Primary Health Care Progression Model⁴

Governance



Inputs



Population Health & Facility Management



PERFORMANCE

Access Index⁵

Enquête Nationale sur la Population et la Santé Familiale (ENPSF)



Quality Index⁵



Service Coverage Index

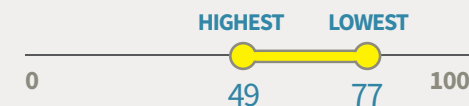
ENPSF (2018), Ministry of Health, Implementing the HIV / AIDS Policy Statement, National Report (2019), STEP survey (2018), WHO TB programme



EQUITY

Access: % with perceived barriers due to cost, by wealth quintile

ENPSF (2018)



Coverage of RMNCH⁶ services, by mother's education

ENPSF (2018)



Outcomes: Under-five mortality⁷, by residence

ENPSF (2018)



COUNTRY CONTEXT AT-A-GLANCE

GDP per capita

(PPP int'l dollars)
WDI (2019)

\$7,826

Living in poverty⁸

(Under \$1.90 int'l dollars / day)
WDI (2013)

1%

Government health spending as % of GDP⁹

WHO GHED (2017)

2%

Life expectancy at birth

(Years)
WHO (2016)

76

Maternal mortality¹⁰

(Per 100,000 live births)
WHO est. (2017)

70

Neonatal mortality

(Per 1,000 live births)
WHO est. (2018)

14

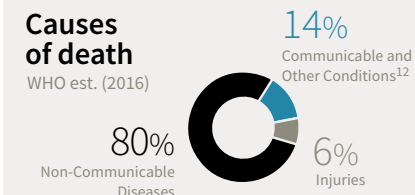
Premature NCD mortality¹¹

(Probability)
WHO est. (2016)

12%

Causes of death

WHO est. (2016)



Note: Indicator values presented here may differ from country data sources due to the use of standardized categories and methods to enhance international comparability. See Indicator Description Sheet for details.

Note: Scores for the Capacity, Performance, and Equity domains are color-coded to reflect good (green), medium (yellow), and poor (red) performance, where comparable data are available. Cut-offs can be found in the Indicator Description Sheet. Scores based on data from non-comparable sources are colored gray. Finance indicators are not color-coded because these indicators lack common targets.

1. Current PHC expenditure as % of Current Health Expenditure (CHE)
2. Domestic general government PHC expenditure as % of domestic general government health expenditure
3. Domestic general government PHC expenditure as % of current PHC expenditure
4. The PHC Progression Model uses mixed methods to assess foundational capacities of PHC on a scale from 1 (low) to 4 (high)
5. Because different data/indicators are used in each country, composite index values may not be comparable across countries. See page 2 for the specific indicators used in this VSP.
6. The composite coverage index is a weighted score reflecting coverage of eight RMNCH interventions along the continuum of care (http://www.who.int/gho/health_equity/report_2015/en/)

7. Deaths of children before age 5, per 1,000 live births
8. Living in poverty: 2.23; HCP: ENCDM 2013/2014
9. Domestic general government health expenditure as % of gross domestic product (GDP)
10. Country value 72.6, source: ENPSF, 2018
11. Probability of dying between ages 30 and 70 from cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease
12. Communicable, maternal, perinatal, and nutritional conditions
Last updated 4/2021

| Morocco | SCORE | PERCENTAGE | SOURCE | YEAR |
|---|-------|------------|--|------------------|
| ACCESS | 50 | | | |
| Financial | | | | |
| Perceived access barriers due to treatment costs* | | 63% | | ENPSF 2018 |
| Geographic | | | | |
| Perceived access barriers due to distance* | | 37% | | ENPSF 2018 |
| QUALITY | | | | |
| Comprehensiveness | | | | |
| Avg. availability of 5 tracer RMNCH services | | 90% | Paquet Minimum de Services Pour la Circonscription Sanitaire (PMS) | 2018 |
| Avg. availability of services for 3 tracer communicable diseases | | 84% | Department of Epidemiology and Fight Against Diseases/ Communicable Diseases Division/ MoH | 2020 |
| Avg. availability of diagnosis & management for 3 tracer NCDs | | 100% | Department of Epidemiology and Fight Against Diseases/ Non Communicable Diseases Division/ MoH | 2020 |
| Continuity | | | | |
| DTP3 dropout rate* | | 2% | | ENPSF 2018 |
| Treatment success rate for new TB cases | | 88% | Regional core indicators booklet | 2019 |
| Person-Centeredness | | | | |
| No recent indicator available from international or national data sources | | | | |
| Provider availability | | | | |
| No recent indicator available from international or national data sources | | | | |
| Safety | | | | |
| No recent indicator available from international or national data sources | | | | |
| SERVICE COVERAGE | 60 | | | |
| Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Child Health | | | | |
| Demand for family planning satisfied with modern methods | | 80% | | ENPSF 2018 |
| Antenatal care coverage (4+ visits) | | 61% | | ENPSF 2018 |
| Coverage of DTP3 immunization | | 98% | | ENPSF 2018 |
| Care-seeking for suspected child pneumonia | | 70% | | ENPSF 2018 |
| Infectious diseases | | | | |
| Tuberculosis cases detected and treated with success | | 87% | WHO TB programme | 2019 |
| People living with HIV receiving anti-retroviral treatment | | 64% | MOH, Implementing the HIV/AIDS Policy Statement, National Report | 2019 |
| Children under 5 with diarrhea receiving ORS | | 33% | | ENPSF 2018 |
| Non-Communicable Diseases (NCDs) | | | | |
| % of population with normal blood pressure*** | | 71% | | STEP Survey 2018 |

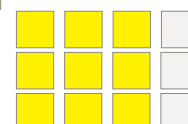
*Indicators where lower values are preferable were transformed before inclusion in the index. The modified indicator was defined as 100-X, where X is the original percentage shown in this table. **Country-specific (proxy) indicator, used in absence of globally comparable survey data. ***Percentage of adult population with normal blood pressure is based on age-standardized estimates. These distributions are rescaled to provide finer resolution before inclusion in the index. Rescaled indicator = (X-50) / (100-50)*100, where X is the prevalence of normal blood pressure. For more details see Tracking UHC: 2017 Global Monitoring Report. Note: Summary scores for the domains of Access, Quality, and Coverage are calculated by taking the average of indicator values within each subdomain, and then taking the average across subdomain scores.

MOROCCO
SCORE
GOVERNANCE
3.3
Governance and Leadership
3.6

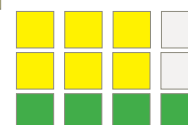
- Measure 1: Primary health care policies (1/2)
- Measure 2: Primary health care policies (2/2)
- Measure 3: Quality management infrastructure
- Measure 4: Social accountability (1/2)
- Measure 5: Social accountability (2/2)


Adjustment to Population Health Needs
3.0

- Measure 6: Surveillance
- Measure 7: Priority setting
- Measure 8: Innovation and learning


INPUTS
3.0
Drugs and Supplies
3.3

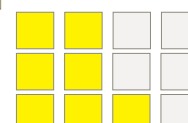
- Measure 9: Stock-out of essential medicines
- Measure 10: Basic equipment availability
- Measure 11: Diagnostic supplies


Facility Infrastructure
3.0

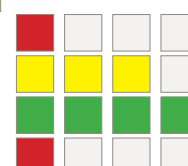
- Measure 12: Facility distribution
- Measure 13: Facility amenities
- Measure 14: Standard safety precautions and equipment


Information Systems
2.3

- Measure 15: Civil Registration and Vital Statistics
- Measure 16: Health Management Information Systems
- Measure 17: Personal care records


Workforce
2.3

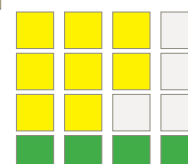
- Measure 18: Workforce density and distribution
- Measure 19: Quality assurance of primary health care workforce
- Measure 20: Primary health care workforce competencies
- Measure 21: Community health workers


Funds
4.0

- Measure 22: Facility budgets
- Measure 23: Financial Management Information System
- Measure 24: Salary payment


POPULATION HEALTH AND FACILITY MANAGEMENT
3.2
Population Health Management
3.0

- Measure 25: Local priority setting
- Measure 26: Community engagement
- Measure 27: Empanelment
- Measure 28: Proactive population outreach


Facility Organization and Management
3.4

- Measure 29: Team-based care organization
- Measure 30: Facility management capability and leadership
- Measure 31: Information system use
- Measure 32: Performance measurement and management (1/2)
- Measure 33: Performance measurement and management (2/2)

