

global youth tobacco survey

Country fact sheets

The World Health Organization (WHO) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Atlanta, developed the Global Youth Tobacco Survey to track tobacco use among youth across countries using a common methodology and core questionnaire. Information from the Survey is compiled within the participating country by a Research Coordinator nominated by the Ministry of Health, and technically reviewed by WHO and CDC. The content has not otherwise been edited by WHO or CDC.

All reasonable precautions have been taken by the World Health Organization to verify the information contained in this publication. However, the published material is being distributed without warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied. The responsibility for the interpretation and use of the material lies with the reader. In no event shall the World Health Organization be liable for damages arising from its use.



**World Health
Organization**

Regional Office for the Eastern Mediterranean



**CENTERS FOR DISEASE
CONTROL AND PREVENTION**

West Bank UNRWA (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS) FACT SHEET



The West Bank UNRWA GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components West Bank UNRWA could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The West Bank UNRWA GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grades 7, 8, and 9 conducted in 2008.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of West Bank UNRWA. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the class response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 94.0%, and the overall response rate was 94.0%. A total of 1,700 students aged 13-15 participated in the West Bank UNRWA GYTS.

Prevalence

- 41.1% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 58.5%, Girl = 27.6%)
- 45.6% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 57.6%, Girl = 35.3%)
- 21.7% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 32.8%, Girl = 12.3%)
- 30.5% currently smoke shisha (Boy = 39.0%, Girl = 22.4%)
- 39.4% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 49.6%, Girl = 30.6%)
- 19.9% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

- 33.5% think boys and 19.1% think girls who smoke have more friends
- 33.9% think boys and 23.9% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

- 27.6% usually smoke at home
- 27.3% buy cigarettes in a store
- 77.5% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)

- 66.7% live in homes where others smoke in their presence
- 65.2% are around others who smoke in places outside their home
- 80.2% think smoking should be banned from public places
- 64.3% think smoke from others is harmful to them
- 56.7% have one or more parents who smoke
- 22.0% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

- 56.1% want to stop smoking
- 62.6% tried to stop smoking during the past year
- 77.5% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

- 64.7% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days
- 71.4% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days
- 67.2% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days
- 22.1% have an object with a cigarette brand logo
- 16.0% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

- 57.1% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking
- 45.8% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke
- 48.8% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- Almost half of students currently use any form of tobacco; 21.7% currently smoke cigarettes; 39.4% currently use other tobacco products.
- Three in 10 students currently smoke shisha
- SHS exposure is very high – two-thirds of the students live in homes where others smoke; over 3 in 5 students are exposed to smoke in public places; more than half the students have one or more parents who smoke.
- Close to two-thirds of the students think that smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Four in 5 students think smoking should be banned in public places.
- More than half the current smokers want to stop.
- Nearly one-quarter of the students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Almost two-thirds of students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; 7 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.

For additional information, please contact:

Yassir Turki e-mail: y.turki@unrwa.org or Ali Khader e-mail: a.khader@unrwa.org